

AP 200 (CC) Closed Cell SPF System

AP 200 (CC) is a spray-applied, two-component, closed cell spray polyurethane foam (SPF) system. The product is formed by the chemical reaction of mixing the proprietary resin, B-Component with the Isocyanate A- Component at a 1:1 mixing ratio.

AP 200 (CC) closed cell SPF system is spray-applied to fill voids and seal cracks as it expands to form a seamless thermal envelope and can adhere to a wide range of substrates typically found in building construction.

Suggested Initial Processing Parameters

	REGULAR VERSION	ARCTIC VERSION
Primary A-side Heater	105-140°F	105-140°F
Primary B-side Heater	105-140°F	105-140°F
Hose Temperature	105-140°F	105-140°F
Processing Pressure	1000 – 1500 psi	1000 – 1500 psi
Moisture of Wood Substrate	≤19%	≤19%
Ambient Humidity	<85%	<85%
Minimum Application Temperature*	>50°F	>10°F

** These are recommended "initial" settings. Settings may vary based on equipment, temperature, humidity, substrate and/or elevation at the time of application. It is important to observe the foam and make additional adjustments as needed to maintain proper cell structure, foam adhesion and overall foam quality. It is strongly recommended that test sprays be conducted before installation for use in extreme temperatures. NOTE: Installation occurring in cold weather temperatures may require adjustment of material temperatures, application temperatures, substrate preparation, spray technique and/or environmental conditions. Contact the Alpha Polymers Technical Service Department for assistance.*

Ambient Air/Substrate Temperature

Ambient air, substrate temperature and moisture all play a role in foam quality. Variations in the substrate and ambient air temperatures and moisture will directly affect the expansion, adhesion and product yield which will impact the physical properties of the foam insulation. It is the applicators responsibility to recognize and anticipate climatic conditions prior to the installation and to ensure the system is being applied within the processing parameters.

Substrate temperatures should be between 40°F and 120°F, based on grade, at the time of installation. The warmer the substrate temperature, the better the adhesion.

General Application Guidelines

Alpha Polymers SPF Systems should be processed using commercially available spray equipment capable of maintaining the pressures and temperatures as recommended by Alpha Polymers (see *Recommended Processing Parameters*) by a trained applicator.

Proportioner

Proportioning equipment should be able to maintain all temperature settings and ratios, etc. as shown in the *Processing Parameters Chart* above. Use only fixed ratio (1:1), volumetric positive displacement pumps connected to a common drive.

Transfer Pumps

The use of 1:1 transfer pumps are recommended for supplying the liquid components to the proportioner. Assure equal pressure is delivered from both sides to the proportioner.

Primary Heaters & Heated Hose

Primary heaters should be monitored and adjusted separately from the heated hose and should be capable of maintaining the temperature from the primary heaters to the spray gun.

Spray Gun

Air or mechanical purge guns can be used with this chemical system. Spray gun should be able to thoroughly mix the two components, ISO (A-Component) and RESIN (B-Component).

It is the responsibility of the trained applicator to thoroughly understand all equipment, technical information and safe operating procedures that pertains to the SPF application.

Safety and Handling

Respiratory Protection

Spraying of polyurethane foam results in the atomizing of the components to a fine mist. Inhalation and exposure to the atomized particles must be avoided. For this reason, ALPHA POLYMERS requires the MANDATORY use of a properly fitted, NIOSH-certified, full-face piece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full-face piece pressure demand supplied air respirator (SAR) with auxiliary self-contained air supply during the installation of any of our spray polyurethane foam (SPF) systems. Respirators should be used in accordance with a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. See the ["Guidance for Developing a Written Respiratory Protection Program"](#), published by the American Chemistry Council Center for Polyurethane Industry for more information.

Persons with known respiratory allergies should avoid exposure to the ISO (A-Component). The ISO (A-Component) contains reactive isocyanate while the RESIN (B-Component) contains amine and/or catalysts with blowing agents. Both materials must be handled and used with adequate ventilation (*See Ventilation Requirements*). The vapors must not exceed the TLV (0.02 parts per million) for isocyanates.

NOTICE: EXPOSURE CAN OCCUR EVEN WHEN NO NOTICEABLE ODOR IS PRESENT.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

SPF applicators should avoid breathing vapors or having chemical contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. The use of proper Personal Protective Equipment is required when handling chemicals and include but are not limited to:

- NIOSH approved Full-face mask or hood with fresh air source.
- Overall (preferably heavy cotton) or Tyvek-Pro Tech 'C', Tyvek Pro 'F' disposable coverall.
- Non-permeable protective gloves

For more information on safety and handling, please consult the AP 200 (CC) Closed Cell SPF System Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

Jobsite Safety and Preparation

Ventilation Requirements

Alpha Polymers requires that a mechanical ventilation system be utilized in a workplace where spray polyurethane foam (SPF) is applied. At minimum, the ventilation requirement is needed during spray application and for a period of 24 hours after the foam installation has been completed. Any mechanical ventilation system used in the workspace needs to be able to exhaust air directly to the exterior of the building at a minimum rate of 0.3 Air Changes per Hour (ACH). The volume of the workspace would need to be determined for system design. If, for example, the volume of the workspace is 5,000 ft³ then the minimum capacity of the ventilation system equals 5,000 ft³ x 0.3 ACH = 1,500 ft³/h = 25 ft³/min (cfm). 0.3 ACH is the minimum ventilation rate and can be achieved by most commercial ventilation fans. While 0.3 ACH is the minimum recommendation it is recommended that this level be exceeded. The more a workspace can be ventilated, the better. More information can be found in the ["Guidance on Ventilation During Installation of Interior Applications of High-Pressure Spray Polyurethane Foam"](#) published by the American Chemistry Council, Spray Foam Coalition.

Substrate Preparation

AP 200 (CC) Closed Cell SPF System is suitable for application to most construction materials such as wood, metal, masonry, and concrete. For proper adhesion, substrate must be clean and free of any surface residue such as oil, grease, etc. The physical characteristics of the polyurethane will be affected by the presence of moisture. For this reason, it is imperative that the moisture content of the substrate does not exceed 19%. All substrates must be dry and completely free of rain, condensation, dew, or frost. Moisture will react with the ISO (A-Component) of the chemical system, resulting in off-ratio polyurethane foam as well as, poor adhesion and physical properties. Polyurethane foam applied during these conditions should be removed completely and the substrate should be allowed to dry thoroughly prior to the new installation.

Hot Work

Applicators should ensure the safety of the jobsite and construction personnel by posting appropriate signs warning that all "hot work" such as welding, soldering, and cutting with torches should take place no less than 35 ft.

from any exposed foam. If "hot work" must be performed all spray polyurethane foam (SPF) should be covered with an appropriate fire or welder's blanket, and a fire watch should be provided.

Over Spray Prevention

Avoid spraying during sustained wind speeds or gusts exceeding 15 miles per hour. Over spray can travel long distances and may adhere to objects left unprotected such as windows, doors, equipment, or building exterior and automobiles. It is the responsibility of the applicator to identify and protect surfaces that could be affected by over spray.

Limitations of Use

Proximity to Heat Sources

The polyurethane foam is combustible. Do not expose to open flame, welding torches, sparks, etc. Keep the

foam at least 3 inches (76 mm) away from heat producing sources.

Material Handling

Chemical Storage

Chemicals must be kept at the recommended temperatures below. Cold chemicals can cause poor mixing, pump cavitation, as well as other chemical processing problems due to higher viscosity at lower temperatures. Keep containers tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

	AP-ISO ISOCYANATE (A-COMPONENT)	AP 200 (CC) Closed Cell RESIN (B-COMPONENT)
Storage Temperature	50 - 80°F	50 - 80°F
Shelf Life	One year (12 months)	6 months

** Do not store in direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly sealed when not in use and must be kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from incompatible materials, food, and drink. Store in properly labelled containers. Observe label precautions.*

Proper Flushing & Change Over Procedure

ISO (A-Component) LINES SHOULD NEVER BE FLUSHED WITH WATER. Only flush ISO (A-Component) lines with more ISO (A-Component). It is imperative to adequately flush the RESIN (B-Component) lines with at least 5 gallons of water when switching between products. When changing out the RESIN (B-Component) from open cell to closed cell and vice versa or when changing between different brands of SPF, it is important that the supply hoses and pumps be drained completely, and the drum pump be wiped down to remove any leftover residue from the previous RESIN (B-Component). Mixing of different product types, especially closed cell into open cell, will contaminate the new RESIN (B-component) and can result in off-spec foam. It is the SPF applicators responsibility to follow this guideline to ensure that the new RESIN (B-Component) does not become contaminated.

Waste Disposal

Dispose of raw chemical in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as specified. Do not discharge into sewer systems or waterways.

Container Disposal

Steel drums must be emptied (as defined by RCRA, Section 261.7 and/or in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations which may be more stringent) and sent to a licensed drum re-conditioner for reuse, a scrap metal dealer, or an approved landfill. Drums being sent to a scrap dealer or landfill must be punctured or crushed to prevent reuse.

Spill Containment & Clean Up

Isolate the area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Spilled material may cause slipping hazard. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contain the spillage. Soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (ex. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a suitable and properly labeled container for disposal according to local, regional, national, and international regulations Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Environmental Precautions

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Local authorities should be advised if significant

spillages cannot be contained. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Technical Assistance

For additional technical assistance, please contact Alpha Polymers Technical Service Department by calling (806) 683-9071.

Technical specifications as shown in this literature are intended to be used as general guidelines only. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet and product label prior to using this product. The physical and chemical properties of thermal and acoustical fiberglass insulation listed herein represent typical, average values obtained in accordance with accepted test methods and are subject to normal manufacturing variations. They are supplied as a technical service and are subject to change without notice. Any references to numerical flame spread or smoke developed ratings are not intended to reflect hazards presented by these or any other materials under actual fire conditions. Check with the sales office nearest you for current information. For more information on other Alpha Polymers insulation and systems, visit www.alphapolymersllc.com or call (806) 683-9071.